

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW MEXICO**

MANUEL BACA,

Plaintiff,

v.

CV 14-800 WJ/WPL

FNU BRAVO, et al.,

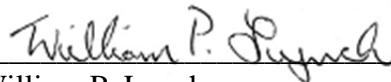
Defendants.

**ORDER DENYING APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL**

This matter is before me on Manual Baca's motion for appointment of counsel. (Doc. 3.) There is no Sixth Amendment right to appointed counsel in a civil proceeding. *See MacCuish v. United States*, 844 F.2d 733, 735 (10th Cir. 1988). When a plaintiff is proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915, "[t]he burden is on the applicant to convince the court that there is sufficient merit to his claim to warrant the appointment of counsel." *Hill v. SmithKline Beecham Corp.*, 393 F.3d 1111, 1115 (10th Cir. 2004) (quoting *McCarthy v. Weinberg*, 753 F.2d 836, 838 (10th Cir. 1985)). In deciding whether to appoint counsel, a court should consider the following factors: the merits of the claims, the nature and complexity of the factual and legal issues raised in the claims, and the litigant's ability to investigate the facts and present the claims. *Id.* A decision to deny counsel will only be overturned when it results in fundamental unfairness. *Steffey v. Orman*, 461 F.3d 1218, 1224 (10th Cir. 2006).

Based on an initial review of the record, Baca appears to understand the issues in the case and to be representing himself in an intelligent and capable manner. Therefore, the interests of justice do not require the appointment of counsel at this time.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the motion is denied.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "William P. Lynch", is positioned above a horizontal line.

William P. Lynch  
United States Magistrate Judge

A true copy of this order was served  
on the date of entry--via mail or electronic  
means--to counsel of record and any *pro se*  
party as they are shown on the Court's docket.